Parkinson's Exercise Recommendations

Parkinson's is a progressive disease of the nervous system marked by tremor, stiffness, slow movement and balance problems.

Exercise and physical activity can improve many motor and non-motor Parkinson's symptoms:

Aerobic Activity

3 days/week for at least 30 mins per session of continuous or intermittent at moderate to vigorous intensity

TYPE: Continuous, rhythmic activities such as brisk walking, running, cycling, swimming, aerobics class

CONSIDERATIONS: Safety concerns due to risks of freezing of gait, low blood pressure, blunted heart rate response. Supervision may be required.

Strength Training

2-3 non-consecutive days/ week for at least 30 mins per session of 10-15 reps for major muscle groups; resistance, speed or power focus

TYPE: Major muscle groups of upper/lower extremities such as using weight machines, resistance bands, light/moderate handheld weights or body weight

CONSIDERATIONS: Muscle stiffness or postural instability may hinder full range of motion.

Balance, Agility & Multitasking

2-3 days/week with daily integration if possible

TYPE: Multi-directional stepping, weight shifting, dynamic balance activities, large movements, multitasking such as yoga, tai chi, dance, boxing

CONSIDERATIONS: Safety concerns with cognitive and balance problems. Hold on to something stable as needed. Supervision may be required.



>2-3 days/week with daily being most effective

TYPE: Sustained stretching with deep breathing or dynamic stretching before exercise

CONSIDERATIONS:

May require adaptations for flexed posture, osteoporosis and pain.



See a physical therapist specializing in Parkinson's for full functional evaluation and recommendations.



Safety first: Exercise during on periods, when taking medication. If not safe to exercise on your own, have someone with you.



It's important to **modify and progress** your exercise routine over time.





Participate in **150 minutes** of moderate-to-vigorous exercise per week.

